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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVEN	TOR		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
09/022,779	02/12/9	98 HENRY		Ŕ	ACD-2-016
	IM22/1115		٦ [		EXAMINER
TIMOTHY E NAUMAN FAY SHARPE BEALL FAGAN MINNICH & MCKEE				CROSS	, L
			L	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1100 SUPERIOR AVENUE SUITE 700				1721	13
CLEVELAND	UH 44114-2	<sup>1</sup> 518	• 8	DATE MAILED:	11/15/99

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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**Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks** 

Application No. 09/022,779

Applica: ¿(s)

Henry, Richard

Office Action Summary

Examiner

Cross, LaToya I.

Group Art Unit 1721



X Responsive to communication(s) filed on Feb 12, 1998			
☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> .			
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 193			
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set is longer, from the mailing date of this communication. Failure application to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Extens 37 CFR 1.136(a).	e to respond within the period for response will cause the		
Disposition of Claims			
	is/are pending in the application.		
Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.		
Claim(s)			
Claim(s)			
☐ Claims are subject to restriction or election re			
Application Papers			
☐ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawin	ng Review, PTO-948.		
☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are object			
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	is □approved □disapproved.		
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.			
$\square$ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).		
☐ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the CERTIFIED copies of	of the priority documents have been		
received.			
received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Nu			
$\square$ received in this national stage application from the	e International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
*Certified copies not received:			
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic prior	ity under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).		
Attachment(s)			
□ Notice of References Cited, PTO-892			
☑. Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper N	lo(s)11		
☐ Interview Summary, PTO-413			
<ul> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-9</li> <li>Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152</li> </ul>	48		
intolinal ratellt Application, P10-152			
SEE OFFICE ACTION ON	THE FOLLOWING PAGES		

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

The instant application is a continued prosecution application having an effective filing date of February 12, 1998. Claims 1-40 are pending in the instant application.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Japanese Publication 08302316 to Yoshitaka et al (herein referred to as Yoshitaka et al '316).

Applicant's claimed invention is directed to a solvent resin composition consisting essentially of a solvent component, present in an amount of 5-95% by weight of the total composition, and a resin component. Each of the solvents is a zero volatile organic solvent and also non-ground based ozone forming.

Yoshitaka et al '316 teaches rubber base adhesive compositions comprising a solvent component and a rubber component (resin). The solvent component does not require the use of volatile and flammable solvents. The solvents are present in an amount of about 50% by weight. Yoshitaka et al '316 disclose the use of solvents such as aliphatic hydrocarbons, acetone, ethyl

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acetate, propyl acetate, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, and methylene chloride. As the rubber component, Yoshitaka et al '316 disclose the use of rubbers such as chloroprene, styrene butadiene, butyl

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rubber, polyurethane, etc.

Yoshitaka et al '316 differ from the instantly claimed invention in that while the reference teaches the use of non-volatile solvents similar to those instantly claimed by Applicant, the reference does not specifically teach some of Applicants' claimed solvents. For example, Applicant's claim the use of n-propyl bromide (bromopropane), methylene chloride and acetone as volatile solvents which Yoshitaka et al '316 specifically teach. With respect to Applicants' claimed n-alkane (C12-C18), Yoshitaka et al '316 broadly teach the use of aliphatic hydrocarbons which embrace Applicants claimed n-alkane (C12-C18). Applicants' claim the use of methyl acetate and t-butyl acetate, while the reference teaches the use of ethyl acetate and propyl acetate. One of ordinary skill in the art would expect that Applicant's claimed methyl acetate and t-butyl acetate, both being similar to the acetates of the reference, would be suitable to use in such environmentally friendly compositions. Since the reference teaches solvents similar to those instantly claimed and since the reference teaches the use of solvents which are non-volatile and non-flammable, just as Applicant, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to make a composition consisting essentially of a solvent component and a resin component, wherein the solvent component comprises only solvents which are non-volatile and non-flammable. Yoshitaka et al '316 seeks to solve the same environmental problems, concerning the use of environmentally harmful solvents, as Applicants. Acknowledging the

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problems arising from the use volatile solvents, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary art to use only non-volatile solvents such as those instantly claimed by Applicant in such compositions. While Yoshitaka et al '316 may not list the exact non-volatile solvents as Applicant claims, Yoshitaka et al '316 provides the motivation to use such non-volatile solvent in his disclosure that volatile solvents create environmental problems.

Therefore, for the reasons set forth above, Applicant's claimed invention is deemed to be obvious, within the meaning of 35 USC 103, in view of the teachings of Yoshitaka et al '316.

## Declaration under 35 CFR 1.131

The declaration filed on October 26, 1999 has been considered and made a part of the record. The declaration is sufficient to overcome any rejections under 35 USC 102, however, it is the position of the Examiner that the declaration is not sufficient to overcome a rejection under 35 USC 103, as given above.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to LaToya I. Cross whose telephone number is (703) 305-7360. The examiner

can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Gabrielle Brouillette, can be reached at (703) 308-0756. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 305-5408.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

LIC SOU November 9, 1999

GABRIELLE BROUILLETTE
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMES
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1704

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